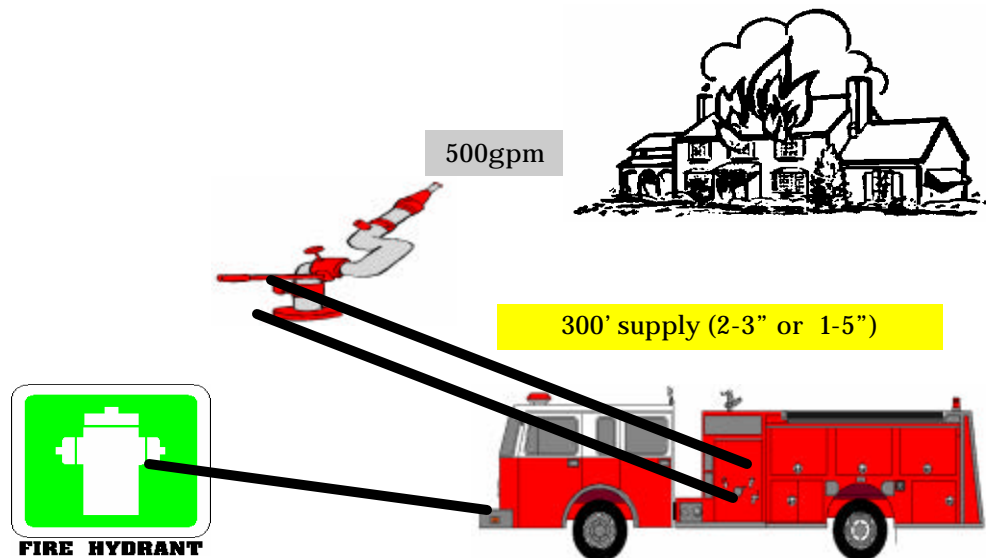


## NFPA 1410 Evolutions

### Standard on Training for Initial Fire Attack

### NFPA 3—Defensive Single Engine: Master Streams (Portable)



**Objective:** Establish a portable master stream attack utilizing 300' of supply line to the master stream device. LDH or multiple lines may be used to achieve flow requirements. A minimum of 500 GPM must be flowing from nozzle. Tank water may be used until the hydrant supply is established. A maximum of 10 seconds of interruption in flow is allowed.

#### Evolution Description:

A fire attack scenario utilizing a portable deluge gun with 300' of 5" hose line or 2-3" supply lines of equal length. A minimum accepted flow of 500 GPM must be established and maintained within 5 minutes from the start of evolution.

#### Evaluation Criteria:

- All lines shall be completely deployed from hosebeds.
- All nozzles shall be flowing minimal acceptable pressures. Master Streams 80 psi
- Time begins at signal from training officer until water is flowing at required pressure from deluge gun and supply line has been established.

**Recommended Maximum time: 5 minutes**

**Reference:** -NFPA 1410, 2000 Edition; Training for Initial Emergency Scene Operations  
-Department SOG's

**NOTE:** Instructors/Officers should substitute their department standard hose sizes, manpower, and procedures for this evolution. This evolution is provided as a guide to help you set-up an initial attack evolution. Please review NFPA 1410, 2000 edition for a complete breakdown of these evolutions.